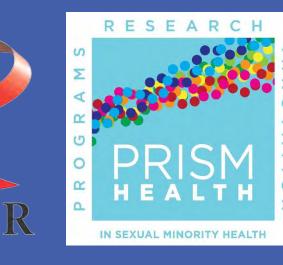


# Estimated PrEP Eligibility in a National Sexual Network Study of US MSM

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# Background

- US men who have sex with men (MSM) have a disproportionate burden of HIV and sexually transmitted infections (STIs)
- Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) is effective for MSM
- In 2015, the CDC estimated that 24.7% of sexually active MSM had indications for PrEP based on 2014 US Public Health Service (USPHS) clinical practice guidelines <sup>1</sup>
  - Denominator was sexually active 18-59 year old MSM
  - Numerator could not assess partner HIV status
- The 2017 revised USPHS clinical practice guidelines list <sup>2</sup>:
  - Age (18+)
  - HIV status (HIV-negative)
  - Recent sexual activity (within 6 months)
  - Sexual network (not in a monogamous relationship with a HIV-negative partner)
- Recent behavioral risk (condomless anal intercourse (CAI) or bacterial STI diagnosis in prior 6 months)
- Estimates of the fraction of MSM indicated for PrEP can guide scale-up

## Methods

# Sample Information

- ART-Net was an online sexual network study of MSM across the United States
- Two waves of data collection<sup>3</sup>
  - July 2017 Feb 2018, Sep 2018 Jan 2019
- Recruited US Internet-using MSM who completed the American Men's Internet Survey (AMIS)<sup>4</sup>

## Survey Eligibility

- Male-born, male-identifying
- Ever sexually active with another man
- Age 15-65

# PrEP Eligibility

- Denominator: Sexually active, HIV-negative MSM
- Numerator: Met USPHS indications (2017 guidelines)

	Denominator: Sexually active, HIV-negative Numerator: USPHS/CDC Indications (2017 Update)							
Criteria	<ul> <li>Sexually active with another male in the past 12 months</li> <li>HIV-negative</li> <li>Aged 18 or older</li> <li>HIV-negative</li> <li>Sexually active with a man in the past 6 months</li> <li>Not in a monogamous partnership with a recently tested, HIV-negative man</li> <li>Additional indications (at least one of the following):</li> <li>Condomless anal intercourse (CAI) in the past 6 months</li> </ul>							
ART-Net Implementation	<ul> <li>Reported partnership with last active end date in the past 12 months</li> <li>HIV-negative</li> <li>Aged 18 or older (18-65) (Note: excluded indication for 15-17 year olds)</li> <li>HIV-negative</li> <li>Reported male partner in the past 6 months</li> <li>One of the following:         <ul> <li>One ongoing partner with either HIV-positive or unknown serostatus</li> <li>More than one ongoing partner</li> </ul> </li> <li>Additional Indications (at least one of the following):         <ul> <li>At least one CAI act in the past 6 months</li> <li>Bacterial STI diagnosis in the past 12 months</li> </ul> </li> </ul>							
Category	Non- Non- Other Hispanic Hispanic Hispanic Race/Ethnicity Northeast Midwest South West 15-17 18-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-65 White Black							

Category		All	Hispanic White	Hispanic Black	Hispanic	Race/Ethnicity	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	15-1/	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-65
ART-Net Respondents	N	4904	3523	266	676	439	882	994	1782	1246	145	1179	1268	694	833	785
Percent of Total Respondents	Row %	5 100.0	71.8	5.4	13.8	9.0	18.0	20.3	36.3	25.4	3.0	24.0	25.9	14.2	17.0	16.0
Category		All	Non- Hispanic White	Non- Hispanic Black	Hispanic	Other Race/Ethnicity	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	15-17	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-65
Sexually Active, HIV- Negative MSM	N	4196	3032	180	601	383	767	858	1508	1063	133	1125	1138	581	639	580
Percent of Respondents (in-category)	%	85.6	86.1	67.7	88.9	87.2	87.0	86.3	84.6	85.3	91.7	95.4	89.7	83.7	76.7	73.9
Estimated PrEP Indication	ns hy Ra	ace/Ethnic	rity Geography	v and Age am	nong ART-N	et Respondents	F	Percent of S	Sexually Ac	tive, HIV-Ne	egative M	SM Eligibl	e for PrEP			

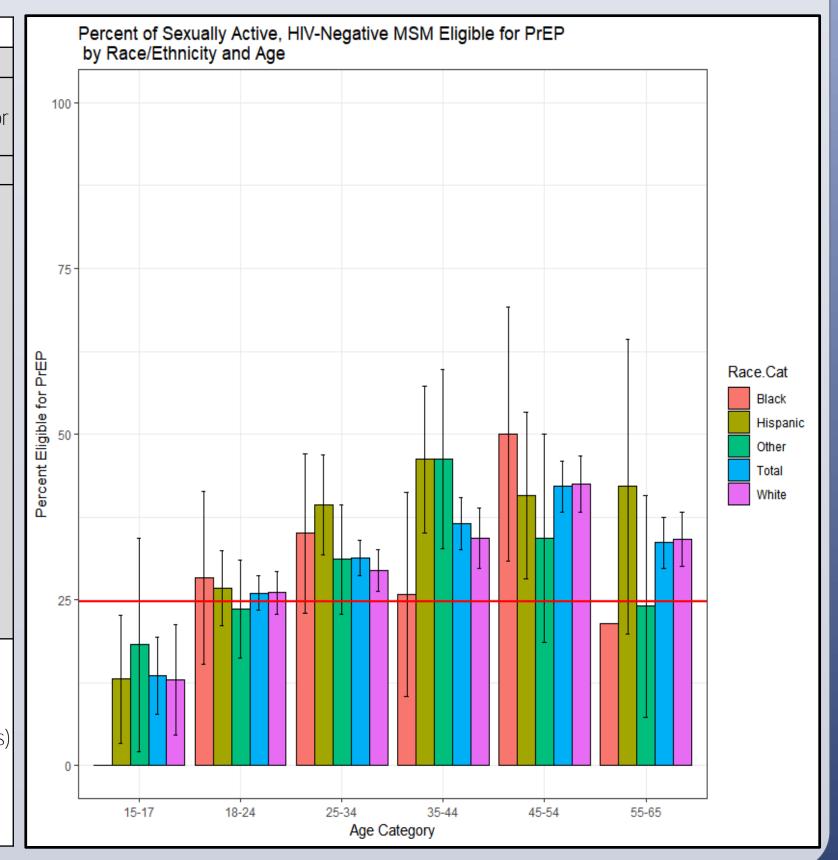
Estimated PrEP Indications by Race/Ethnicity, Geography, and Age among ART-Net Respondents								
		Have Indications for PrEP						
	Sexually Active, HIV-negative Denominator	Meet USPHS Base Indications	Base + Recent CAI	Base + Recent STI **	Base + Recent CAI or STI **			
	N	N (%)	N (%)	N (%)	N (%)			
All Respondents	4196	2015 (45.0)	1263 (30.1)	301 (7.2)	1343 (32.0)			
Non-Hispanic White	3032	1465 (45.2)	920 (30.3)	207 (6.8)	970 (32.0)			
Non-Hispanic Black	180	84 (41.6)	47 (26.1)	18 (10.0)	58 (32.2)			
Hispanic	601	290 (46.7)	189 (31.4)	47 (7.8)	201 (33.4)			
Other Race/Ethnicity	383	176 (42.5)	107 (27.9)	29 (7.6)	114 (29.8)			
Northeast	767	377 (46.8)	211 (27.5)	57 (7.4)	235 (30.6)			
Midwest	858	406 (43.9)	286 (33.3)	45 (5.2)	293 (34.1)			
South	1508	719 (44.7)	445 (29.5)	105 (7.0)	474 (31.4)			
West	1063	513 (45.1)	321 (30.2)	94 (8.8)	341 (32.1)			
15-17	133	40 (27.6) ***	18 (13.5)	2 (1.5)	18 (13.5)			
18-24	1125	427 (36.6)	279 (24.8)	59 (5.2)	293 (26.0)			
25-34	1138	506 (42.1)	326 (28.6)	97 (8.5)	356 (31.3)			
35-44	581	306 (49.9)	198 (34.1)	59 (10.2)	212 (36.5)			
45-54	639	396 (57.5)	255 (39.9)	53 (8.3)	269 (42.1)			
55-65	580	340 (51.5)	187 (32.2)	31 (5.3)	195 (33.6)			

\* USPHS Base Indications: 1) Aged 18+; 2) HIV-negative; 3) Sexually active with a man in the past 6

#### 4) Not in a monogamous partnership with a HIV-negative man

- \*\* USPHS Guidelines for STI diagnoses are based on the past 6 months (ART-Net based on 12 months)
- \*\*\* Base indications for 15-17 year olds exclude 18+ USPHS guideline
- Recent CAI: Condomless anal intercourse with another man in the past 6 months

Recent STI: Bacterial STI diagnosis in the past 12 months



## Results

- PrEP eligibility estimates across race/ethnicity, age, and census regions usually exceeded the previous estimate
  - 22 of 25 (88%) adult race/ethnicity and age categories exceeded this value
- Nearly one-third (32.6%) of adult, sexually active, HIVnegative MSM exhibited indications for PrEP (13.5% among 15-17 year old MSM)
- Of those with indications for PrEP, recent condomless anal intercourse (81-100%) was a more common indication than a recent STI diagnosis (11-31%)

## Limitations

- Representativeness of sample
- Measured STI diagnoses in the past 12 months
- Cannot separate increasing risky sexual behavior and rising STI incidence (and therefore diagnoses)

## Conclusions

- More sexually active MSM are likely indicated for PrEP than previously estimated
- A lower fraction of indicated MSM may be receiving PrEP than previously estimated
- Given rising HIV case counts in younger and minority MSM, additional age- and race/ethnicity-based considerations for uptake may be needed to improve PrEP access

# Acknowledgments

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