Assisted Partner Services Among People Who Inject Drugs in Nairobi, Kenya

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Background

- o Testing **key populations (KPs)** for HIV is essential to achieving the first of the **UNAIDS 90-90-90 goals**.
- Assisted partner services (aPS) involves identifying and testing partners of HIVinfected individuals. It has been shown to be an efficient tool for HIV case-finding.
- o aPS has not been widely used **among** people who inject drugs (PWID), one of the highest risk KPs.
- HCV is common among PWID, and alone or with HIV co-infection, poses a high health burden. **Treatment** options are emerging.
- We will determine whether **aPS can find**, test, and link to care the injecting and sexual partners of HIV-infected PWID in Nairobi, Kenya.

CONCLUSIONS & QUICK FACTS

- > aPS using community-embedded peer educators is an effective tool for finding and testing high-risk partners of PWID.
- > <u>19% of unique partners were HIV-</u> infected.
- > 26% of HIV-infected partners did not know their HIV status or were not on ART.
- > Number of indexes needed to interview was 21 per new HIV case identified and **10 per HIV-infected partner not on ART**
- > aPS is a novel testing strategy that may reduce HIV transmission and promote engagement in care among PWID.

Female gender **IPV** Status High Moderate Low

Age (Years)

HIV-infected

On ART (among HIV-infect

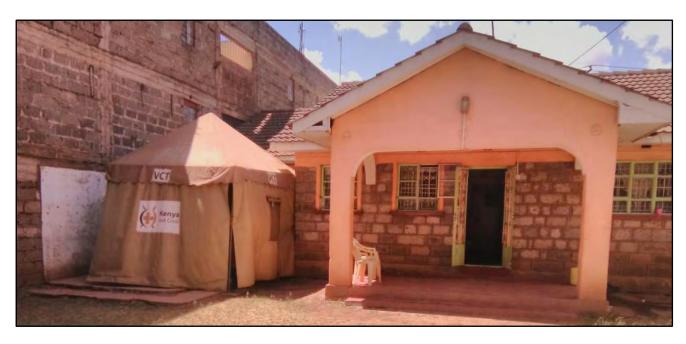
HCV Ab Positive

On Methadone



Recruitment of **index participants** (indexes) occurs at **3 needle** and syringe exchanges in Nairobi and at methadone clinics. Indexes provide contact information for **injection and sexual** partners in the past 3 years. Blinded to the index's identity, community-embedded peer educators (CEPEs) attempt to contact all named partners, first by phone, then **community tracing**. Traced partners are notified of their possible HIV exposure and offered HIV counseling and testing.

All Participants also complete **questionnaires** and are offered rapid hepatitis C (HCV) testing. To examine aPS effectiveness, we determined the **number of indexes needed to be** interviewed (NNTI) to find a 1) first-time tester; 2) new HIV case; 3) known HIV-positive person not on treatment.





PARTICIPANT CHARACTERISTICS

	Indexes (N=196)	Unique Partners (N=434)				
	% or median (IQR)					
	43%	32%				
	0% 11% 89%	0% 9% 91%				
	35.5 (30, 41)	32 (25, 38)				
	100%	19%				
ted)	74%	74%				
	27%	17%				
	17%	17%				
C						

Recruitment of index participants from needle and syringe program (NSP) sites and methadone clinics. Community-embedded peer educators (CEPEs) are used to trace partners.

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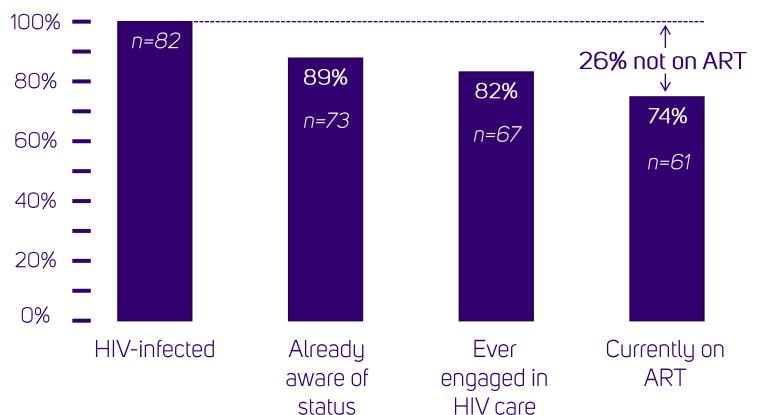
RESULTS

Index participants

- 196 indexes enrolled named 634 partners.
- Overall, 27% were HCV Ab+. Of the men, 35% were HCV Ab+ compared to **18% of the women**.
- Overall, 74% were currently on ART. Among the men, 80% were currently on ART, compared to 67% of the women.

Traced partners

- Of 634 named partners 557 (88%) have been traced and enrolled, of whom 434 are unique partners.
- Of enrolled partners, **69%** were **injection partners (IPs)** only, 13% sexual partners (SPs) only, and 15% were injection and sexual partners (ISPs).
- Overall, **HIV prevalence was highest among ISPs (27%)** and lower among IPs (19%) and SPs (13%).
- However, among **female partners**, **HIV prevalence was** highest among SPs (35%) and somewhat lower among ISPs (29%) and IPs (25%).
- Almost all partners **required in-person tracing**, as they could not be reached by phone.
- **No adverse events** reported related to aPS
- Number indexes needed to Interview: **19 per first-time tester**, 21 per new HIV case, and **10 per HIV-infected partner not on ART**





Ministry of Health Government of Kenya

HIV CARE CASCADE AMONG PARTNERS



DEPARTMENT OF GLOBAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT OF EPIDEMIOLOGY

UNIVERSITY of WASHINGTON School of Public Health

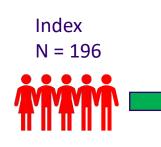
HIV AND HCV PREVALENCE AMONG PARTNERS

	Overall	Injection Partner	Sexual Partner	Injection & Sexual Partner		
	HIV-infected					
Males	15%	17%	4%	25%		
Females	26%	25%	35%	29%		
		HCV-seropositive				
Males	18%	22%	4%	17%		
Females	14%	10%	20%	24%		

YIELD OF ASSISTED PARTNER SERVICES

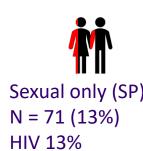
N = 634

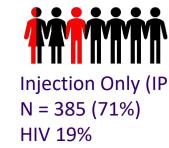
Partners named



Partners enrolled N = 557

Unique partners N = 434, HIV 19%







Injection & Sexual (ISP) N = 85 (16%) HIV 27%



Risk reduction counseling clean injection supplies, and condoms provided







HIV and HCV testing resources and

linkage to HIV care and treatment